Ernst T. Section . Bay Sent Comping . Worksamp G. G. Handbak for Fire.

Them how to run a treasure hund.

April 1940. Streamling 1. Hearts. Institutional Rampo. M. Canal Base and 420

leda which lances. Mirele ell of who Boy plate for protection that were a tripe Dien diagion of course and me talist equipment receivery for game Orthose method of play month therein bright wanted totals of Treasure Hunt. V lounsel and cooking fires V Nature in Recreation Termis. Baseball (Hand book) / Dance. I rack + trild. Hermany for Camp Ed.

1. Creighton. . War lance. Ble japhy: The canse, by Robert E. Pinkerton Chp. 4. 5. 6. Annall Watercraft. (A Handbook) Theory of the lance. Parto of Canoe: Bow seat. Item seat. Bow deck. Attern deck. Painter un Painter. Rils. Thwarts Planking Floor boardo Keel. Bang Glate. The edge, blade, shaft. grip. Terms used: Bow, stern, port, starboard. Terms used in war canding. Launching: More whole crew to lift and carry to edge of water or dock 421

Atten and first crew, hand over hand wentil craft is affort. The stein paddler is in command and sees that all movements and are preformed by the cause in rhythm Embarking: Hein paddler numbers the crew from one to seven and they in tun line by along the cause in then for side of the source. upright grip end down. On the command, Ship paddles" the crew place paddles to embank and embank the crew enter in the following manner. They step directly into the centre. Alein paddle or number sever goes find followed by 1, 6, 2, 5, 3, 4. The new is then told on which side they are to Shift weight & shift" the nos. move paddle. On the command Heady & their respective sides Pally Style (do disembark use same without in severes orda) Water Commands: Hick her up Soward and Stroke. The paddle his achos the gumvales and graspes the paddle, about the blade and at the gip. From there the paddle is placed diagonally into the water bowing the aim straight that is on the Shaft. On the command stroke the paddle in drawn to aids the steer, of the boat.

h. beig town. Sich her up backward and, stroke. The backward stroke is similar To the forward stroke except that the paddle is placed in the water Nowards the stein of the canoe. On the command stroke it is drawn towards the bow and parallel to the conoe. Ready to hold her and hold er. On the command ready to held her the poddle places his paddle dogonally forward, edge gunwale and on the command hold in The hear down filmly on the paddle. Wall Ready for a port turn and stoke. To turn the cause to the port side the paddlers on that side of the canoe do a backward stroke and those on the starboard side do a forward stroke. Heady for a starboard term and shoke. to the starboard turn the paddlers on the starboard side do a backward stroke and those on the port side do a forward stucke. Keady to shift paddles and shift. Including shifting weight! On the command ready to shift paddles the paddless continue their forward stropes and finish at the command of ships." At that point the paddles are: - 1. raised vertically in the air 2. The hands change place on the paddle. 3. The proble is placed across the generale 4. Paddlers shift weight & middle. 5. Paddlers shifts weight & neight to see position. As soon as new position is reached readdlers strong

Kanding Diagonal discrete Altokes for Stein paddles in Was Cande: Place paddle digonally forward in the water and draw tas for as the hip level, then with edge with the away from The boar with a hard stroke. This is used to teen the canoe & the same side so the paddler distriber a fig. I Draw. In order & being the steem of a conve to the side the paddle is on, the paddle is placed horizontally in the water and is drawn in right angles to the boat. Hicked with with an eight Tush over. For a puch over stacke the passable is placed in the water my speciale the paddler and is pushed away from The course at the wife steen the steen of tuyos to the opposite side of the paddler (edge ways down) The stein padoller places his paddle, in The water diagonally backwards close # The stein of the boar The paddle is held there finely and by this the bow of the boat moves to the side the peable is

he beighton. Under Hein Keel. The blade of the paddle is placed for under the keel of the craft so that it is really on the other side of the steen. This brings the same to the stone side as the one the steiner is paddling on lasking about The Aliokes for lieu paddler in War Conse. This stroke is the same as pick her up forward and stoke. Back Attacke.
This is the same as ipsich of her up former backward and stroke. Lafety Regulations: Becidents. 1. Keep weight in the centered and low. I Sout overload. 3. In wough keep cance at right angles 4. In a wind, cance should be slightly bow heavy or on an even keel. The case of Topping never swim & shore but hang in to the cause right will up.

write up. your o'Tu canor stocker Blead 427

Tango movemento. , The Whip 1-2 Slide L forward taking wit momentarily. 6 Rock back on R straightening both forces, & drawing L back & R. 78 Dip Back on Rh. Il Backward Nt. dip: - May be used as con tinuation of about movement. 1-2 Rock for'd on R. 3.4 Slide L ford. 7-8 Slip back on R 11 Run Around. 1-2 dlide L for d.
3 ... R ... (wt.on ball) 5.6 Ross Rin front of L, heel bearing, both knees bent. Fallower crosses 7-8 Attengther knees. 1-2-3-4 1 um of balls of fx. 920 5-6 Alide L bkwd

7-8 Ride on ball ofh & drop back into a drop on R. Note: As leader in place, on Counts 1-2-3-4, the follower starts on her Rfoot & takes four small steps around him so that she finishes facing the line of direction & is ready & st. for'd on her R as re steps skiv'd L.